

SUSTAINABLE APPROACH FOR FOOD SHELF LIFE PROLONGATION TROUGH BY-PRODUCTS RECYCLING

Olimpia Panza, Amalia Conte* and Matteo Alessandro Del Nobile University of Foggia, Via Napoli, 25, 71122 Foggia, Italy; Corresponding author: amalia.conte@unifg.it



INTRODUCTION

Food research is greatly focusing on the potential of recycling fruit and vegetable by-products to reduce food waste. The by-products contain valuable compounds, especially phenolic substances, and therefore can be used to fortify food or to prolong their shelf life. In the perspective of food sustainability, several researches have been conducted with the aim to valorize industrial by-products. However, further efforts need to be made to promote by-products recycle at industrial level.

The aim of the study was to develop ready-to-cook breaded cod sticks by implementing new and effective combinations of by-products and fish, being the byproducts adopted as breading of fresh fish sticks.

Two case studies:

cod sticks breaded with dried olive paste as by-products of the oil production process

cod sticks breaded with pomegranate peel powder as pomegranate by-products

Microbiological analyses and pH determination

Serial dilutions of control and breaded fish samples were plated onto specific media in Petri dishes to enumerate Pseudomonas spp., hydrogen sulfideproducing bacteria (HSPB), psychrotolerant and heat labile aerobic bacteria (PHAB), mesophilic and psychrotrophic bacteria, Enterobacteriaceae and lactic acid bacteria, during proper storage period under refrigerated conditions (4 °C). The measurement of pH was performed on the first homogenized dilution of samples. Analyses were carried out in duplicate on two different samples.

Chemical analyses

Chemical analysis were conducted to determinate Phenol content, Total Flavonoids and Total Antioxidant Activity, according to standard methods. All analyses were carried out the day after sample preparation, in triplicate.

MATERIAL AND METHODS

Breaded Cod Sticks Preparation

Cod fillets were desalted and soaked





pomegranate peel

powder





Fish breaded with peel powder, in different layers (A, B and C samples)







Fish breaded with dried olive paste (Active samples)

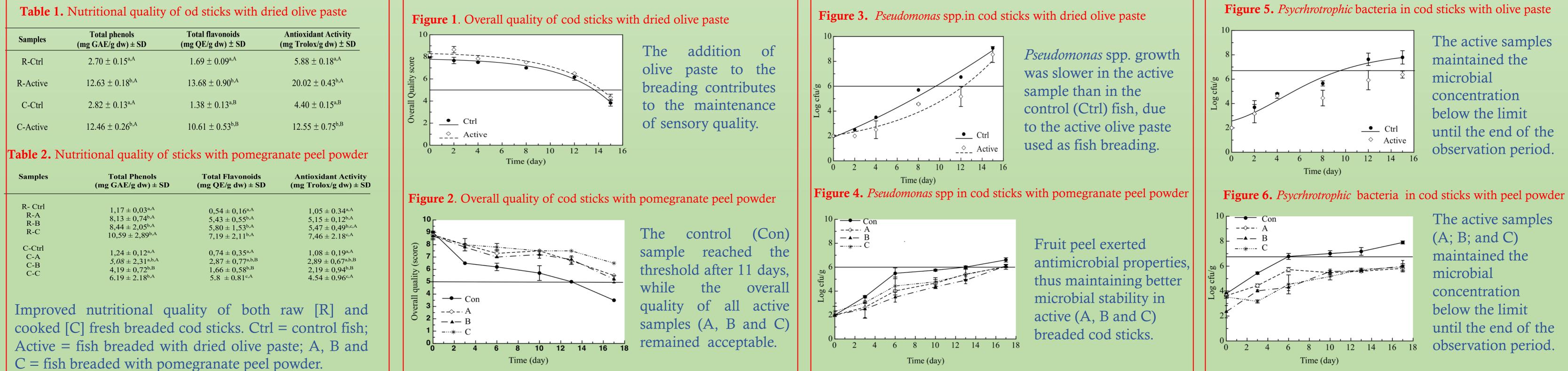
Sensory analysis

Five trained panelists were asked to give judge on odor, color, appearance, texture and overall quality using a nine-point scale. In the scale, 9 = excellent, 8 =very good, 7 = good, 6 = reasonable, 5 = not good(acceptable limit), 4 = disliked, 3 = bad, 2 = very badand 1 = completely unacceptable.

Statistical analysis

Experimental data of cod sticks breaded with dried olive paste were fitted by the modified version of the Gompertz equation. The experimental data of cod sticks breaded with pomegranate peel powder were compared by a one-way analysis of variance (ANOVA). A Duncan's multiple range test, with the option of homogeneous groups (P < 0.05), was carried out to determine significant differences among samples. STATISTICA 7.1 for Windows (StatSoft, Inc, Tulsa, OK, USA) was used.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION



CONCLUSIONS

Results obtained in these two case-studies showed a significant improvement in the nutritional quality of breaded samples. In fact, the cod sticks breaded with both dried olive paste and pomegranate peel powder increased their phenol and flavonoid contents and, consequently, their antioxidant activity. Furthermore, the results on fish quality during storage showed that adding by-products also microbial stability was improved, without affecting the sensory characteristics. Therefore, it can be concluded that the recycle of by-products could be a sustainable way to reduce the environmental impact and costs associated with byproducts disposal, with great advantages for the quality of ready-to-cook fresh fish products.







